AMVETS LEGISLATIVE UPDATE FEBRUARY 2, 2020

News Driving the Week

- Lawmakers are considering a host of bills to deal with the ongoing problem of veterans suicide, but still haven't reached a clear consensus on which ones will get top priority or even enough support to become law. On Tuesday, House Veterans' Affairs Committee Chairman Mark Takano, D-Calif., unveiled his newest suicide prevention proposal, dubbed the Veterans ACCESS Act. The measure would require the Department of Veterans Affairs to pay for any veterans' emergency mental health care treatments, regardless of individual's discharge status or where the visits take place (including private-sector facilities). In March, the White House is scheduled to unveil the results of a yearlong, multi-department effort to provide new solutions to the problem of veterans suicide. VA Secretary Robert Wilkie has lead the task force spearheading that effort, and has promised a "roadmap for veteran suicide" prevention" for both federal agencies and local community organizers. But in recent months, Wilkie and Takano have sparred over solutions to the problem. Another piece of suicide prevention legislation — dubbed the Veterans IMPROVE Act — was passed by the House Veterans' Affairs Committee after significant revisions by Takano, which lost most Republican lawmakers support. On the opposite side of Capitol Hill, Sen. Jerry Moran scheduled a mark-up hearing on Wednesday that included several measures dealing with veterans mental health, including a bipartisan measure targeting VA suicide prevention efforts that he has promoted as a top legislative goal for the year. The **Commander John Scott Hannon Veterans Mental Health Care Improvement Act** passed out of committee and if passed into law would allow for quicker hiring of mental health professionals by VA, expanding new veterans' access to VA health care, and bolster funding for mental health care in rural and underserved regions. While nothing specific blocks lawmakers from passing each of the IMPROVE, ACCESS and Commander Hannon Acts, the different focus from different lawmakers could result in a fractured legislative effort to produce significant legislation on suicide prevention.

- A bill has been introduced in the U.S. Senate that would aim to expand mental

**** \bigstar health treatment options for veterans suffering from Post Traumatic Stress Disorder. Senators Martha McSally, of Arizona, and Tim Kaine introduced the Veterans Posttraumatic Growth Act on Tuesday. According to a release, the bill would require the Department of Veterans Affairs to conduct a pilot program to study the benefits of nonprofit posttraumatic growth programs compared to traditional models of mental health care. "Our bill makes a small investment that could have an enormous impact on improving mental health care for veterans," added Kaine. "Launching this pilot program is a step we can and should take to provide more veterans with access to the treatment necessary to cope with mental health issues following service to our country." A new bill introduced in the House Tuesday would grant free emergency mental health care to all veterans, paid for by the Department of Veterans Affairs. The Veterans' Acute Crisis Care for Emergent Suicided Symptoms (ACCESS) Act introduced by House Veterans Affairs Committee Chairman Rep. Mark Takano would direct VA to pay for or provide emergency mental health care to all veterans. The bill includes care for veterans who are not otherwise eligible for VA healthcare benefits; have any and all enrollment statuses or service connections; and have any discharge, including dishonorable. Veterans would have the option to call the Veterans Crisis Line, go to the ER or alert other qualified medical professionals of their crisis who will be able to "pre-clear" that veteran for treatment on the VA's dime, a "far simpler" option in times of crisis, Takano said. Veterans would then be eligible for up to 30 days of inpatient care or 90 days of outpatient care, which can also be extended at the discretion of the VA Secretary, according to the bill. To qualify, a veteran must have at least 90 cumulative days of service, according to the text of the bill, such as completing basic training and an additional training school, Takano said. Guard and Reservists will qualify for care under the bill, though many do not qualify for VA health care otherwise. - Under pressure from Congress to determine whether to add four diseases to the list of Agent Orange-related conditions, Department of Veterans Affairs officials have disputed a scientific panel's findings and said they will wait for additional research to conclude before making what could be a \$15.2 billion decision. In a report sent to the House and Senate Veterans Affairs committees on Monday, VA Secretary Robert Wilkie said VA experts "noted significant concerns and limitations" with several National Academies of Sciences, ****








